The Use of Coal Ash in the Slippery Rock Creek Watershed



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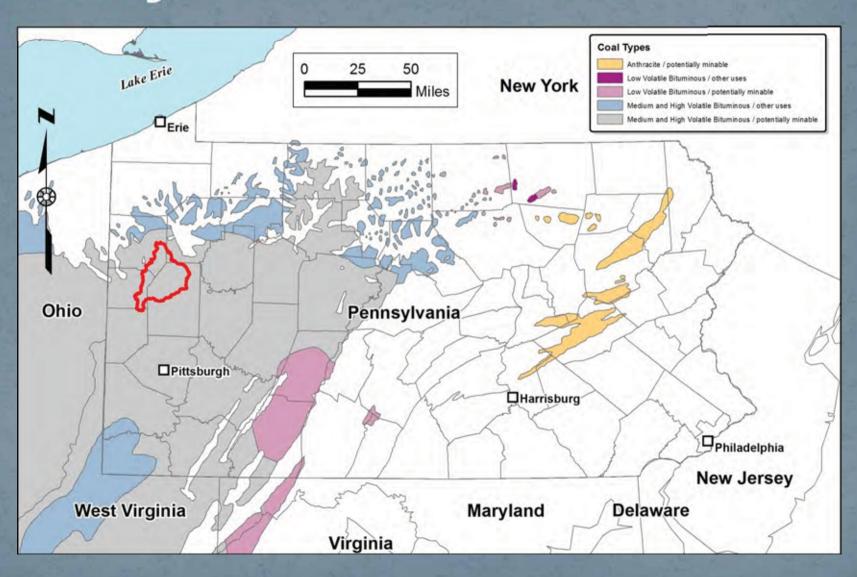
501(c)(3) Non-Profit



Location Map

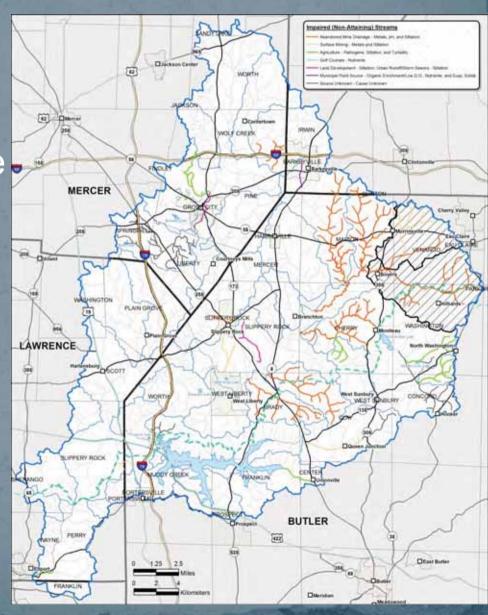


Pennsylvania Coal Fields



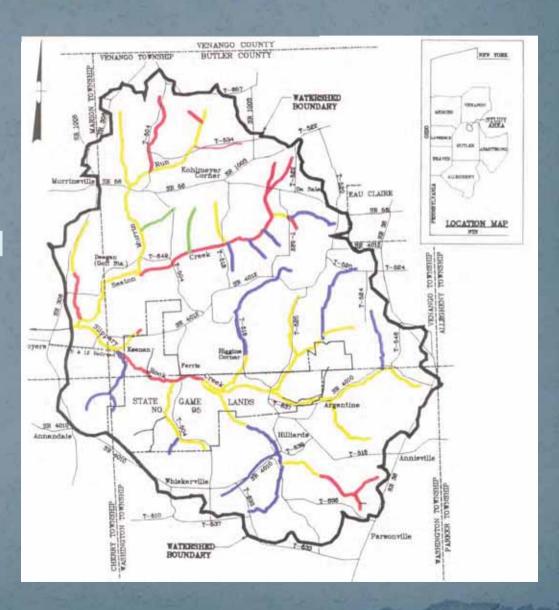
Slippery Rock Creek Watershed

- Entire watershed is 408 square miles
- Focused on 27-square mile headwaters area due to severity of AMD
 - 15% PA Game Lands 95
 - 85% private property
- 130 miles of streams impaired by AMD
 - 65% of impairment



SRWC Headwaters Area

- 27-square miles
 - 4000 acres with underground mine workings
 - 8000 acres permitted for surface mining
- Color Code:
 - Blue Good
 - Green Acid Sensitive
 - Yellow AMD impacted
 - Red Polluted



AMD Treated



750 million gallons per year of AMD are being treated by passive systems in SRCW. That is enough to fill over 9 million typical 5-foot long bath tubs.

Iron Removed from Slippery Rock Creek



Over 200 tons/year of iron removed from Slippery Rock Creek, equal to amount of iron in 200 trucks!!!

Aluminum Removed from Slippery Rock Creek

Over 8 tons of aluminum no longer enters Slippery Rock Creek every year.



Acidity Removed

Over 335 tons per year of acidity is removed, equal to about 15 tri-axle loads.



Stream Miles Improved

Over 11 miles of Slippery Rock Creek have been significantly improved in only 10 years!





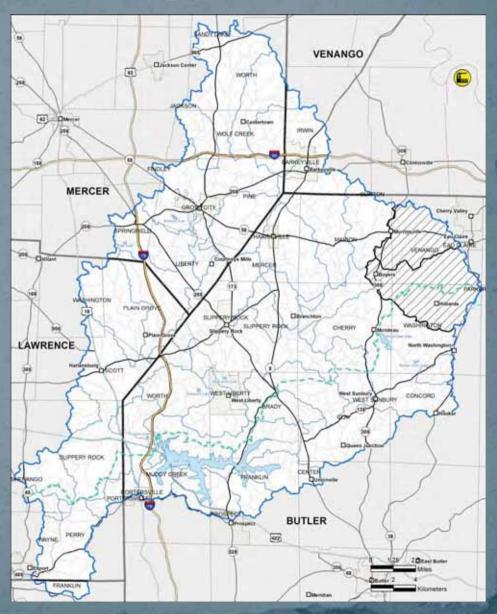


CFB Ash Projects in Watershed

Project Name	Date Completed
Sunbeam Tipple	1995
Chernicky (Abel-Dreshman)	1998
De Sale Phase I	2000
Brookville Pit	2002
 Gob Station Gob Pile 	2000
Erico Bridge Gob Pile	2002
De Sale North	2006

Scrubgrass Generating Plant

- Starting generating electricity in 1993.
 - Produces 85 MW of electricity
 - Enough electricity to supply 80,000 homes
- Estimated to eliminate 15 million tons of waste coal in first 25 years of operation
 - No cost to the state
- Within 10 miles of Slippery Rock Creek headwaters area



Sunbeam Tipple

- Completed in 1995 by Kerry Coal Co. and the PA DEP, Knox DMO through a reclamation agreement
- Construction:
 - Alkaline addition (175,000 Tons CFB Ash)
 - Mixed with 100,000 Tons Coal Refuse
 - Regraded site to AOC
- 21 acres reclaimed









Chernicky (Abel-Dreshman)

- Completed in 1998 by Amerikohl Mining, Fike Associates, Butler County Conservation District, and PA DEP
- Construction:
 - Alkaline addition (140,000 Tons CFB Ash)
 - Regraded site to AOC
 - Reclaimed 56 acres
- Joe Schueck, retired engineer with BAMR, wrote a paper on effectiveness of coal ash at Chernicky
 - Monitoring indicates reduced flows, increase in alkalinity, and lower metal concentrations







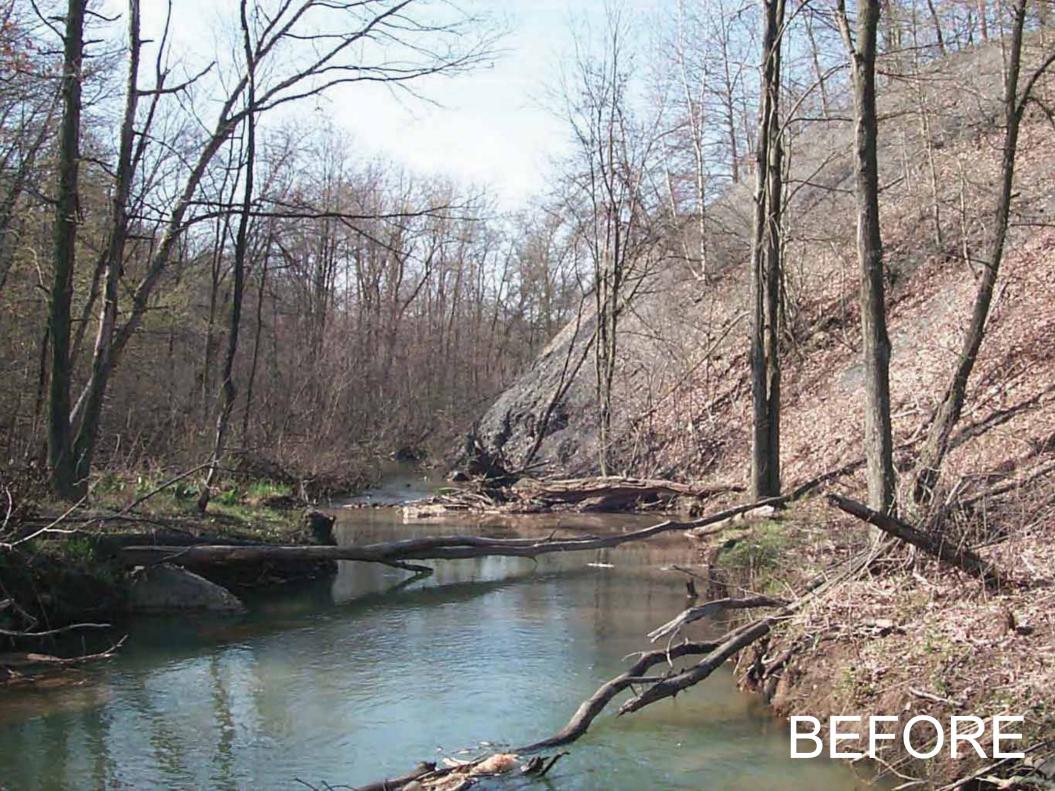
Brookville Pit

- Completed in 2002 by Quality Aggregates Inc.,
 BioMost, Inc., and PA DEP
- Construction:
 - Alkaline addition (~200,000 Tons of CFB Ash)
 - Regraded 20 acre site to AOC
 - Incorporated two additional sites:
 - Goff Station
 - Erico Bridge
- Reduced flows from an average of 16 gpm to <1 gpm</p>



Goff Station Restoration Area

- Completed in 2000 by Quality Aggregates Inc.,
 Stream Restoration Inc., BioMost, Inc. and PA DEP
- Construction:
 - Placement area less than 1000 feet away
 - Removed 78,000 CY of Coal Refuse
 - Originally estimated 20,000 CY
 - Uncovered original stream channel
 - ~2 AC wetland and riparian area constructed within footprint of refuse pile









Erico Bridge Restoration Area

- Completed in 2002 by Quality Aggregates Inc.,
 Stream Restoration Inc., BioMost, Inc., and PA DEP
- Construction:
 - Removed 40,000 CY of Coal Refuse
 - Originally estimated 15,000 CY of refuse in Operation Scarlift
 - ~1 AC of wetlands constructed within footprint of refuse pile









De Sale Phase I

- Completed in 2000 by Amerikohl Mining, Stream Restoration Inc., BioMost, Inc., and PA DEP
 - Reclaim PA Grant
- Construction:
 - Reclaimed 8 acre site
 - Alkaline addition (~60,000 Tons)
 - Passive Treatment System Installation
 - 2 VFPs, Settling Pond/Wetland, and HFLB
 - Added Forebay











De Sale North

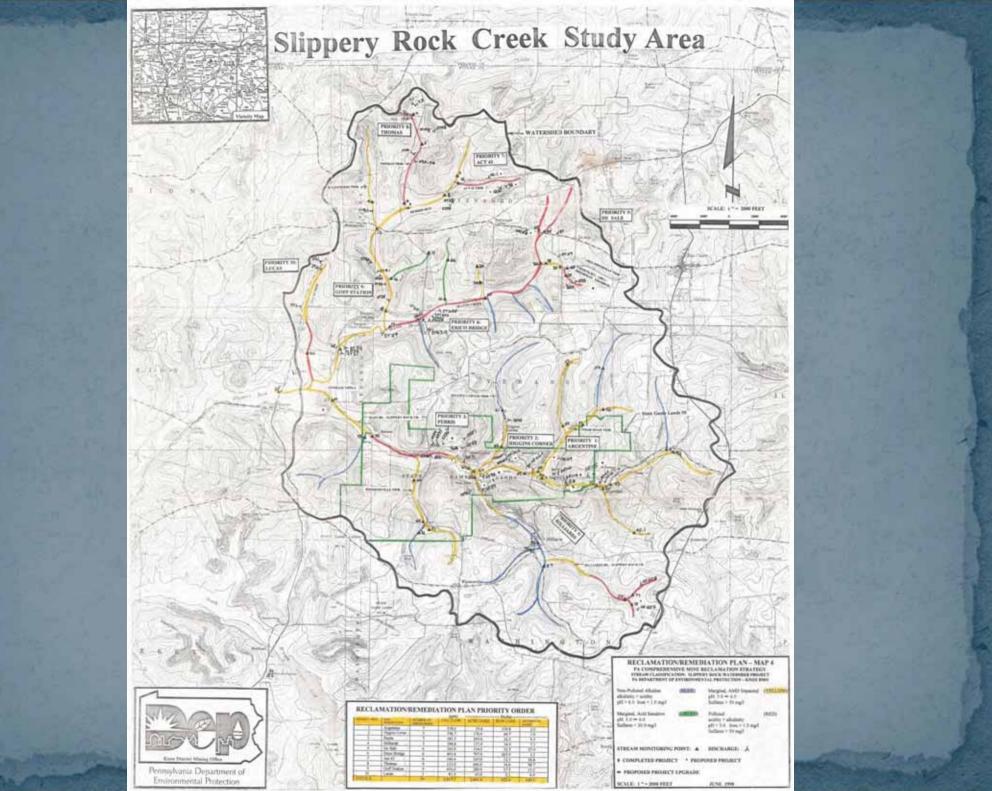
- Completed in 2006 by Quality Aggregates Inc.,
 Stream Restoration Inc., BioMost, Inc., and PA DEP
- Construction:
 - Alkaline addition (~60,000 Tons)
 - Soil lining (40,000 Tons):
 - Lower permeability
 - Add alkalinity
 - Regraded 21 acre site to AOC

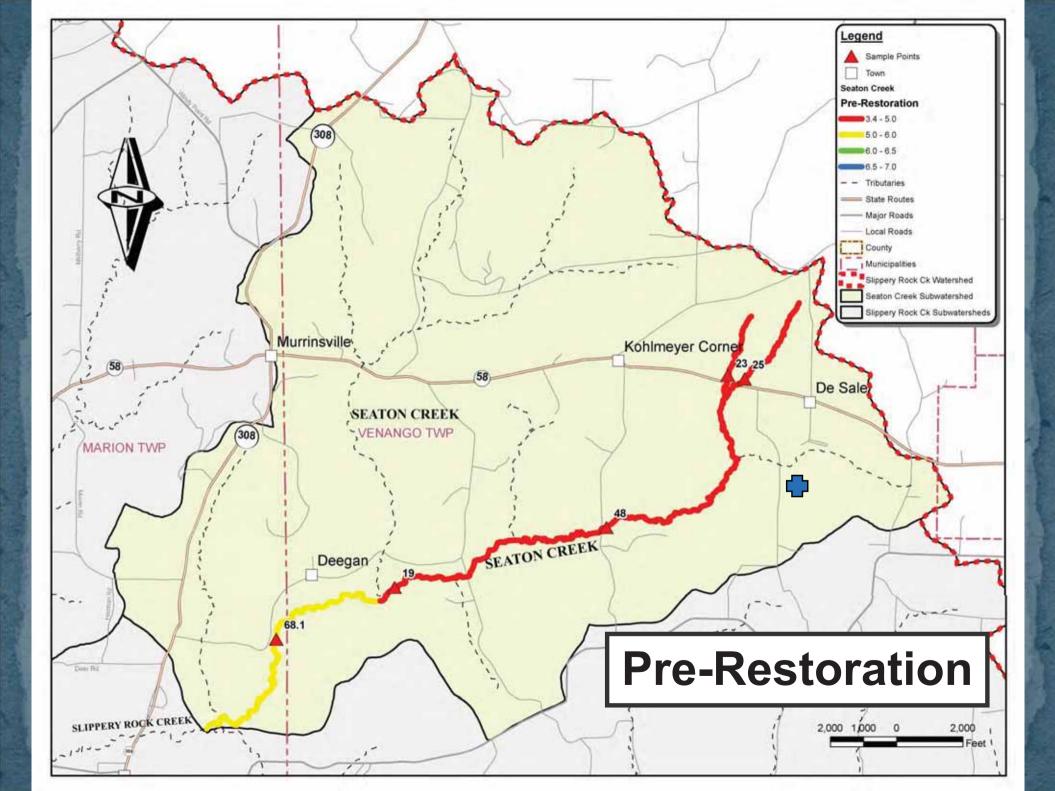
Date	Flow (gpm)	Fe (mg/L)	Mn (mg/L)	Al (mg/L)
Before Construction	43.3	8	28	18
After Construction	5.5	6	24	16

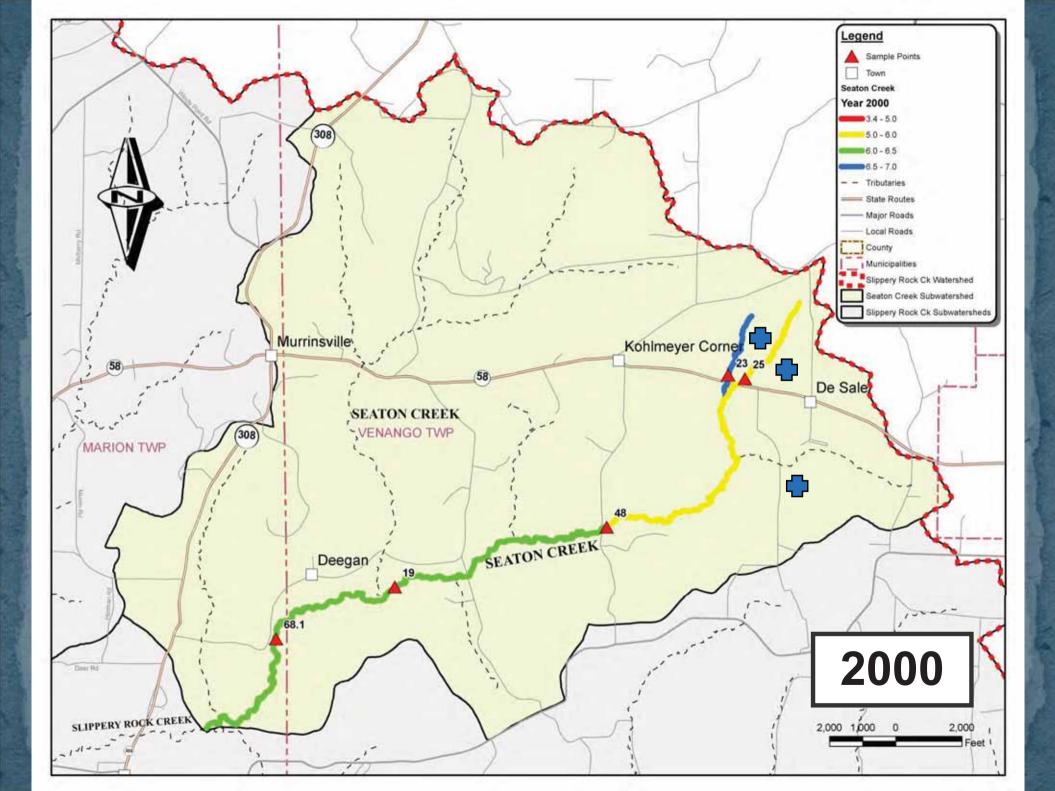


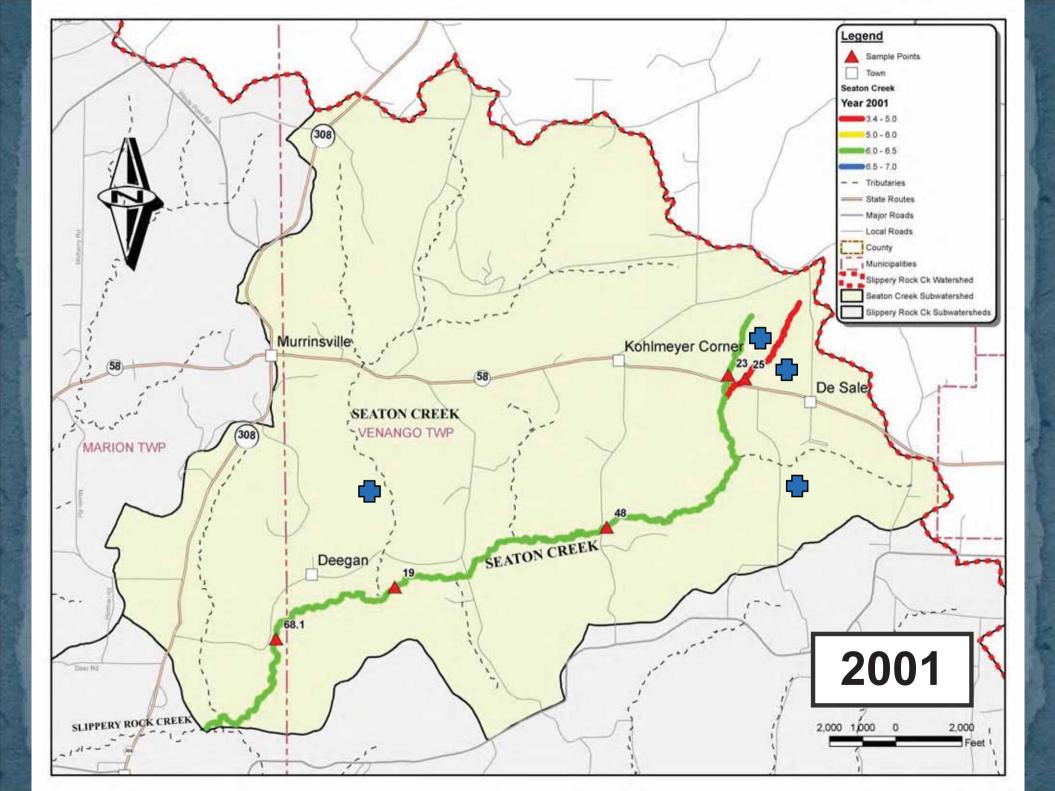


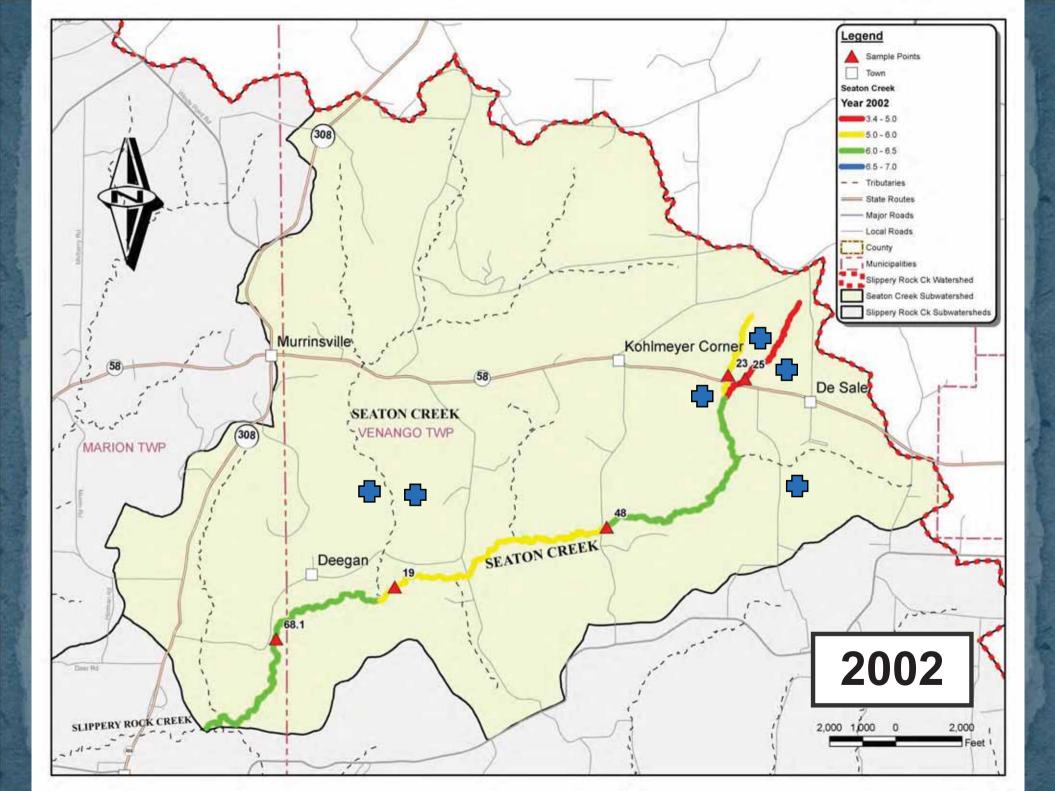


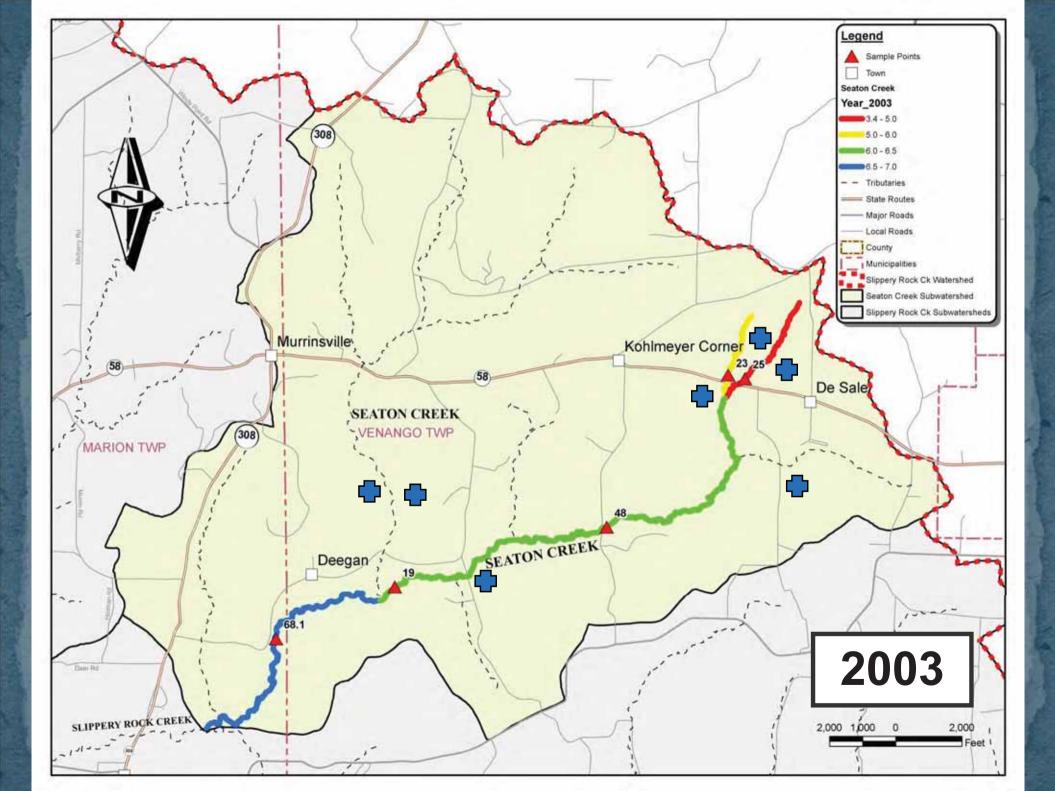


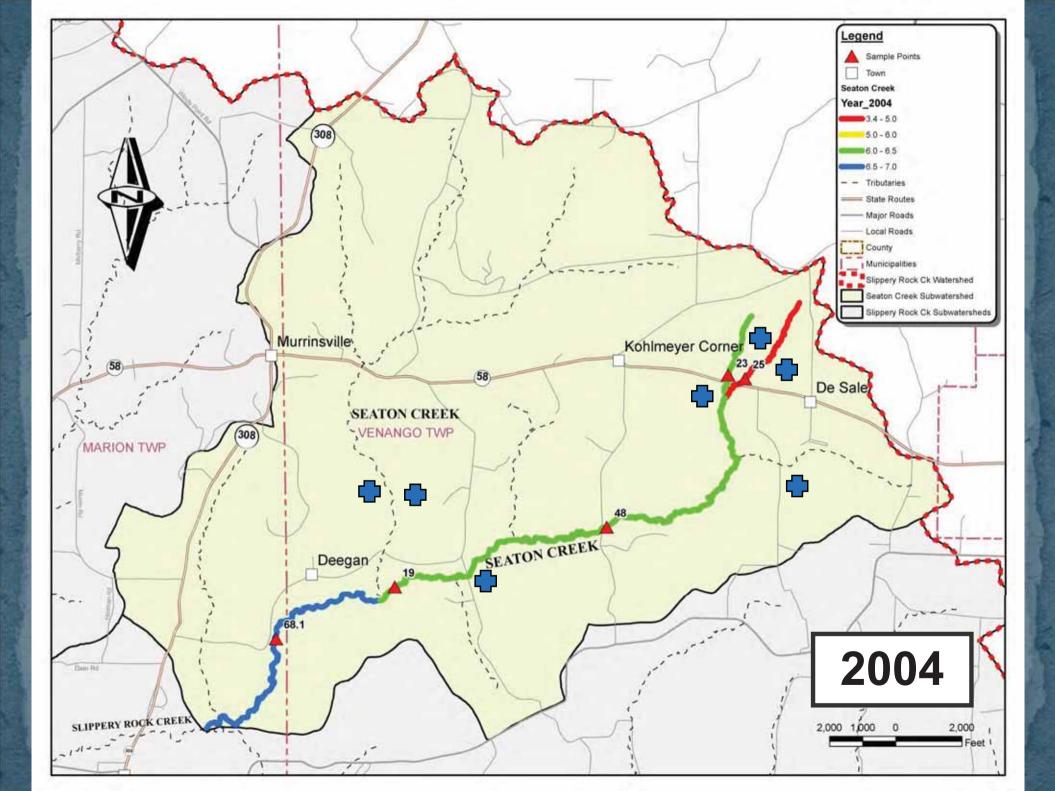


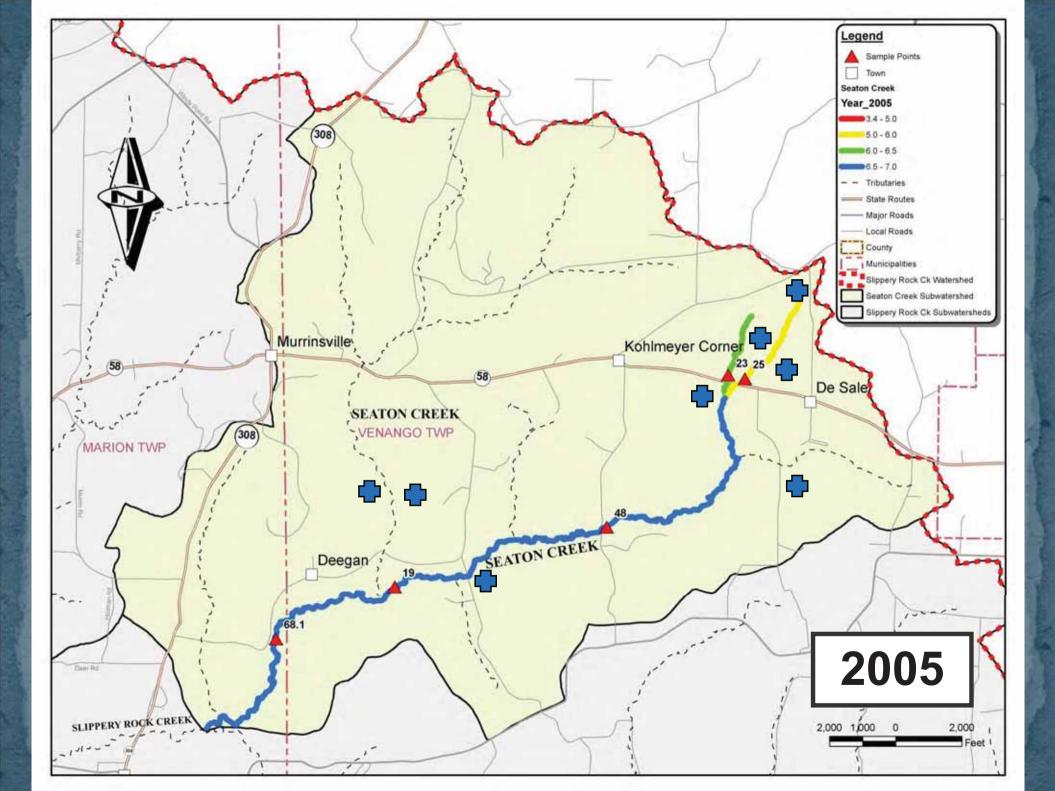


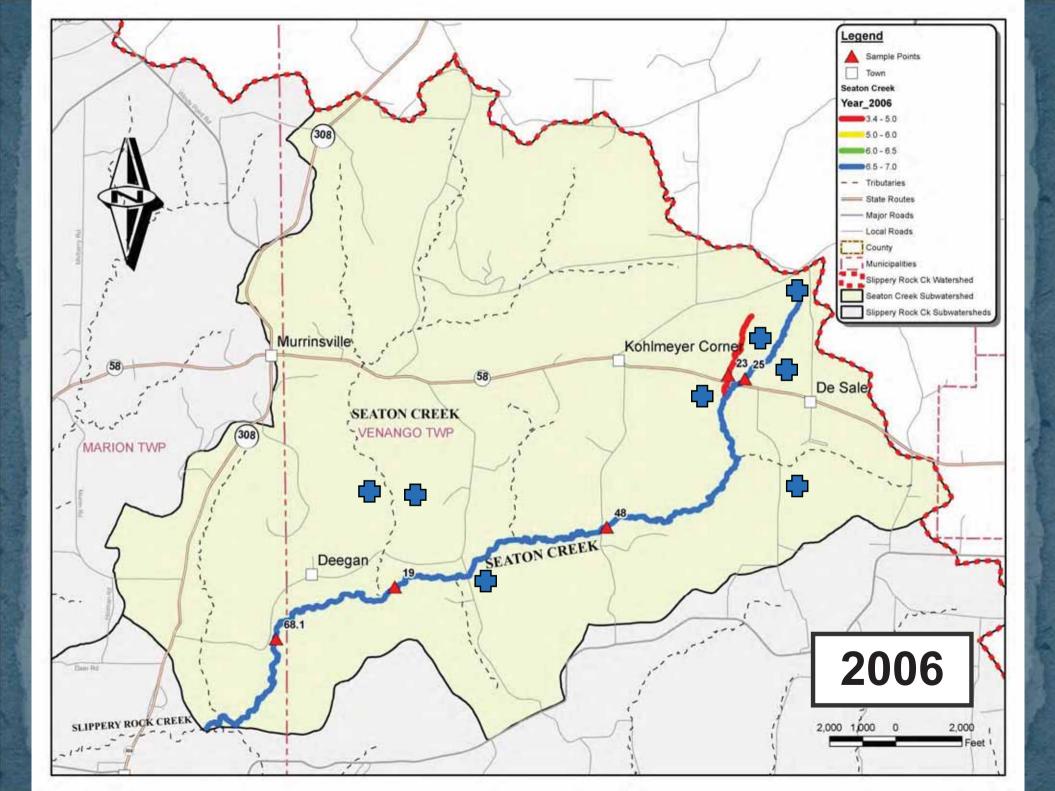


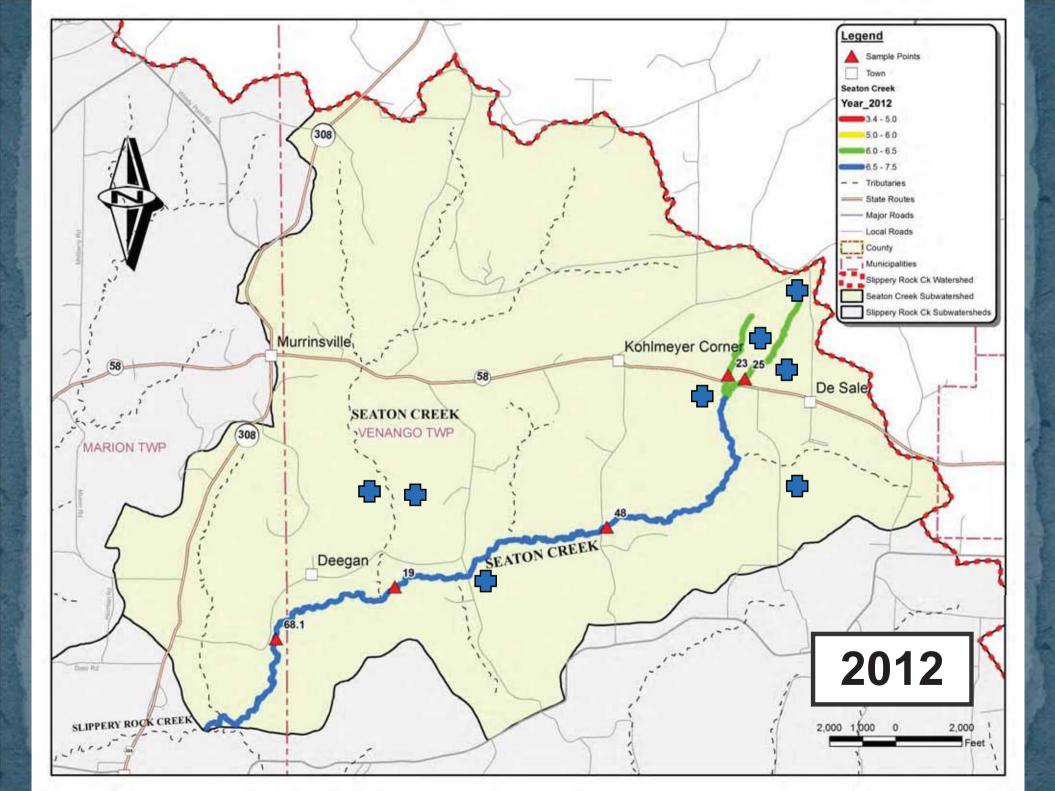












Conclusions

- Reclaimed 126 acres with CFB ash
 - No projects since 2006
- Improved vegetative establishment
 - Use FRA to establish trees
- Monitoring consistently shows reduced flows of AMD
- Win-Win Situation
 - Use CFB ash as a resource rather than landfilling
 - Economically restore mine lands
 - Usually no cost to taxpayers